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Curricular Report No. 1997-98-5B from the Graduate Council to the Faculty Senate: Proposal for a Doctor of Philosophy in Environmental Sciences

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UNIVERSITY OF RHODE ISLAND Kingston, Rhode Island FACULTY SENATE

BILL Adopted by the Faculty Senate

TO:	President Robert L. Carothers		
FROM	: Chairperson of the Faculty Senate		
1.	The attached BILL, titled Curricular Report No. 1997-98-5B from		
	the Graduate Council to the Faculty Senate: Proposal for a		
	Doctor of Philosophy in Environmental Sciences		
	is forwarded for your consideration.		
2.	The original and two copies for your use are included.		
3.	This BILL was adopted by vote of the Faculty Senate on February 26, 1998.		
4.	After considering this bill, will you please indicate your approval or disapproval. Return the original or forward it to the Board of Governors, completing the appropriate endorsement below.		
5.	In accordance with Section 10, paragraph 4 of the Senate's By-Laws, this bill will become effective March 19, 1998, three weeks after Senate approval, unless: (1) specific dates for implementation are written into the bill; (2) you return it disapproved; (3) you forward it to the Board of Governors for their approval; or (4) the University Faculty petitions for a referendum. If the bill is forwarded to the Board of Governors, it will not become effective until approved by the Board.		
	(date) February 27, 1998 (date) Chairperson of the Faculty Senate		
ENDO	RSEMENT		
TO: Chairperson of the Faculty Senate			
FROM	: President of the University		
Re	turned.		
a.	Approved		
b.	Approved subject to final approval by Board of Governors		
c.	Disapproved 3/18/99		
	(date) President		

UNIVERSITY OF RHODE ISLAND The Graduate School

Curricular Report from the Graduate Council to the Faculty Senate Report No. 1997-1998-5B

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY IN ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

At Meeting No. 344 held on 23 January, 1998, the Graduate Council approved the following proposal which is now submitted to the Faculty Senate.

SECTION I

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

ABSTRACT

The Graduate Council approved the proposal for a Ph.D. degree in Environmental Sciences and voted to recommend approval at the Class A level (the program is deemed to be of such merit as to justify the recommendation of the immediate allocation of funds for its implementation). The proposed multidisciplinary program would be offered through the College of Resource Development. The new program would replace three Ph.D. programs, admissions for which were suspended in 1995 or 1996: those offered by Departments of Fisheries, Animal, and Veterinary Science; Natural Resources Science; and Plant Sciences. The degree also would serve the Department of Geology which has not previously offered the Ph.D.

BACKGROUND

The Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences is proposed for students from the College of Resource Development whose primary research interests are in the ecological, life, earth, or natural resource sciences. Consolidation of the three programs emphasizes the breadth of environmental science, and makes more visible the opportunities available at the Ph.D. level in the College of Resource Development.

The proposal was reviewed under the new process established by the Faculty Senate in which the Graduate Council serves as the Coordinating and Review Committee for new graduate program proposals. Announcements of the receipt of the proposal were sent to the President and the Joint Educational Policy Committee, the Provost and the Council of Deans, the Budget Office, and Department Chairs and Graduate Directors. Recommendations were sought from each of these groups. Received comments and recommendations are appended, have been kept on file in the Graduate School, and were considered in the Graduate Council's review.

The Budget Office concluded that the Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences would require no new resources. The proposal elicited no negative comments from the Council of Deans, and it was endorsed by the Joint Educational Policy Committee.

SECTION II

RECOMMENDATION

The Graduate Council approved the following proposal for a new Ph.D. degree in Environmental Sciences, and presents it to the Faculty Senate with the recommendation that it be approved at the Class A level - the program is deemed to be of such merit as to justify the recommendation of the immediate allocation of funds for its implementation.

PROPOSAL FOR A DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY IN ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES

A. PROGRAM INFORMATION

1. Name of Institution:

University of Rhode Island

2. Departments and Colleges Involved:

Departments of Fisheries, Animal and Veterinary Science; Geology; Natural Resources Science; and Plant Sciences; College of Resource Development

3. Title of Proposed Program:

Ph.D. Environmental Sciences

4. Effective Date of Change:

September 1998

5. Anticipated Date for First Degree Granted:

May 2001

6. Intended Location of Program:

Kingston Campus of the University of Rhode Island

7. Institutional Review and Approval Process:

	Date approved
Department of Fisheries, Animal, and Veterinary Science	11/18/97
Department of Geology	1/22/97
Department of Natural Resources Science	1/24/97
Department of Plant Sciences	10/20/97
College of Resource Development	11/19/97
Graduate Council	1/23/98

President of the University

- Summary of the Proposed Program Change: The Ph.D. in 8. Environmental Sciences is proposed as a multidisciplinary degree program designed for students from the College of Resource Development whose primary research interests are in the ecological, life, earth, or natural resource sciences. The new program would replace three Ph.D. programs that were suspended in 1995 or 1996, those offered by the Departments of Fisheries, Animal, and Veterinary Science; Natural Resources Science; and Plant Sciences. The degree would also serve the Department of Geology, which has not previously offered the Ph.D. Consolidation of these programs will emphasize, and make more visible, the breadth of environmental science opportunities available at the Ph.D. level in the College of Resource Development, and it will provide a starting point for the development of a truly interdisciplinary approach to environmental problem-solving at the doctoral level.
- 9. Statement on Resource Needs: Implementation of the Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences will require no new or additional resources. The new program represents a consolidation of existing Ph.D. programs and a minor expansion to include the Department of Geology. Current faculty, staff, courses, budgets, and facilities are sufficient to support this program.

10. Signature of the President

Robert L. Carothers

11. Persons to be Contacted During the Review

Dean Margaret Leinen College of Resource Development Woodward Hall 874-2957 Blair M. Lord Vice Provost Academic Programs 874-2447

Associate Dean William Wright College of Resource Development Woodward Hall 874-2904

B. RATIONALE

President Carothers has identified the Marine and Environmental Focus as one of four major areas which he feels deserve major emphasis at the University of Rhode Island. The College of Resource Development (CRD) includes a majority of the faculty, students, and programs—both graduate and undergraduate—on this campus that can be categorized as "environmental". CRD addresses topics as wide ranging as entomology, fisheries science, coastal

geomorphology, hydrogeology, soil biogeochemistry, water resources science, plant ecology, wildlife ecology, wetland ecology, forest science, microbial ecology, conservation biology, and landscape ecology. Over the last 25 years, CRD has undergone a major metamorphosis, from a college that was primarily agricultural in nature to one that addresses a broad spectrum of basic and applied environmental and life science issues. In 1998, the changes continue at a more rapid pace than ever before. With the addition of the Department of Geology to the College, new and stronger alliances are being forged between physical and biological scientists, chemists and ecologists. The addition of the Department of Biochemistry, Microbiology, and Molecular Genetics to CRD would broaden the horizons and increase interdisciplinary opportunities even more. It is clear that URI needs to capitalize on its strengths in the environmental realm.

It is also clear that the environmental problems that face society today are far more complex than ever before. Multidisciplinary problem-solving has become the rule not only in University research, but also in the environmental management efforts of governmental agencies and private corporations. It is against this backdrop that CRD wishes to launch a new Ph.D. program in Environmental Sciences. Our thinking is that this new program would eventually be a college-wide degree program that would serve all of those departments, faculty, and students whose interests and expertise revolve around teaching, research, and outreach in environmental science and management. While the Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences is a natural science degree, significant interaction with the social sciences, especially the Departments of Community Planning and Area Development, Environmental and Natural Resource Economics, and Marine Affairs is expected.

Creation of the Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences would promote and enhance interdisciplinary research and teaching in a key focus area at URI. It would also greatly heighten the visibility --regionally, nationally, and internationally -- of URI's wealth of environmentally related courses, research projects, and faculty expertise. The new degree program would form a bridge between programs that, while strong in their own right, have been scattered and often disconnected. Until 1995, the Departments of Fisheries, Animal, and Veterinary Science; Natural Resources Science; and Plant Sciences offered Ph.D. degrees under the University-wide Biological Sciences umbrella. These programs were suspended between 1995 and 1996 due to low enrollments. in Environmental Sciences would replace these departmental programs and, at the same time, create doctoral study opportunities in Geology. Visibility of graduate programs hinges partly on availability of resources (including faculty, courses, assistantships, and research budgets and facilities) and partly on the presence of a critical mass of students. The consolidation of both resources and students under a single Ph.D. program in Environmental Sciences, as well as more vigorous recruiting, should guarantee program viability.

C. INSTITUTIONAL ROLE

As noted above, the "Marine and Environmental Focus" is one of four areas of excellence that President Carothers wishes URI to pursue. Creation of two new graduate degree programs in the College of Resource Development—the Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences and the Master of Science in Environmental Sciences (see attached proposal)—represents a major step toward the President's goal. Multidisciplinary degree programs will greatly enhance collaboration among faculty, research staff, and students; help the College and University to better define and focus its mission in the environmental science and management arenas; and attract attention from the best and brightest young people who are seeking an institution that will provide them with the tools to solve today's pressing environmental problems.

URI--and the College of Resource Development in particular --already enjoys an excellent reputation in the environmental sciences. Development of multidisciplinary graduate degree programs in this field is a formal way of marshalling the diversity of talent and energy that we already have and focusing it toward the pursuit of institutional, as well as program, excellence.

D. INTERINSTITUTIONAL CONSIDERATIONS

The University of Rhode Island has traditionally placed far more emphasis on environmental studies than other institutions of higher education in this State. We are clearly the leader in the number of faculty and courses devoted to environmental science and in the breadth of environmental research. Because our major goal in creating the Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences is to emphasize and enhance multidisciplinary studies of the graduate level, it is unlikely that there will be any adverse impacts to programs at other institutions, where environmental studies tend to be much more narrowly focused. Creation of this new degree program does not represent an expansion of our role in the State; it will simply help us to be more effective at what we already do. The creation of a multidisciplinary Ph.D. degree may also provide attractive opportunities for graduates of other state institutions who might wish to pursue such a degree.

E. CONTENT

1. Overview: The proposed Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences is a multidisciplinary, interdepartmental degree that is designed to serve students in the College of Resource Development whose research interests are in basic or applied aspects of environmental science. Initially, this program will serve graduate students from the Departments of Fisheries, Animal, and Veterinary Science; Geology; Natural Resources Science; and Plant Sciences. In future years, it may be expanded to include other related disciplines or individual faculty from the College.

The Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences would replace the following programs:

Ph.D. in Fisheries, Animal, and Veterinary Science (Biological Sciences)

Ph.D. in Natural Resources (Biological Sciences)

Ph.D. in Plant Sciences (Biological Sciences)

It would also provide the opportunity for students in the Department of Geology to obtain a Ph.D. degree.

- 2. Admission Requirements: GRE and bachelor's degree in a biological science, physical science, natural resources science, or engineering; specific undergraduate majors or coursework may be required for certain fields of study.

 Master's degree with thesis in biological science, physical science, or natural resources science is highly recommended.
- 3. Program Requirements: A minimum of 72 credits of advanced coursework beyond the bachelor's degree (a master's degree may count for up to 30 credits), 18 of which are dissertation credits and at least 2 of which are graduate seminar; comprehensive examination; and dissertation. A qualifying examination will be required for students who are admitted without a master's degree and may be required for students whose prior degrees are outside of the proposed Ph.D. field of study.
- 4. Fields of Study Represented: The Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences will incorporate, at a minimum, the fields of study listed below. (NOTE: Formal specializations will be far fewer in number, but given the urgent need to reinstate the CRD Ph.D. programs that were suspended, specializations are not being proposed at this time. They will be proposed as soon as the Environmental Sciences Faculty have had full opportunity to draft and discuss them as a group. In the interim, decisions on specific program requirements will be made by each student's program committee.)

animal virology aquatic pathology aquacultural science sedimentology stratigraphy - paleontology coastal geomorphology glacial geology hydrogeology applied geophysics geoarchaeology remote sensing petrology structure and tectonics planetary geology soil chemistry soil biochemistry soil genesis and classification

water resources science wildlife ecology wetland ecology forest science microbial ecology GIS and spatial analysis landscape ecology conservation biology plant ecology and physiology plant molecular biology and genetics plant pathology plant protection environmental horticulture environmental plant biology sustainable agriculture entomology integrated pest management

5. Existing Program Courses: Course selections for the Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences will come primarily from existing offerings by the Departments of Fisheries, Animal, and Veterinary Science (ASP, AVS, FST); Geology (GEL); Natural Resources Science (NRS); and Plant Sciences (PLS, ENT); a complete listing appears below. These courses will be supplemented by selections from related departments such as Biochemistry, Microbiology, and Molecular Genetics;

Biological Sciences; Civil and Environmental Engineering; Food Science and Nutrition; Oceanography; Statistics; Community Planning and Area Development; Environmental and Natural Resource Economics; and Marine Affairs.

ASP 501,502 ASP 532 ASP 534 ASP 536 ASP 538 ASP 555,556 ASP 581 ASP 584 ASP 586 ASP 591,592	Seminar Experimental Design Animal Virology Virology Laboratory Epidemiology of Viral and Rickettsial Diseases Pathology Rotation Current Topics in Molluscan Aquaculture Advanced Aquaculture Systems Fish Nutrition Special Projects
AVS 591,592	Research Problems
ENT 519 ENT 520 ENT 529 ENT 533 ENT 544 ENT 550 ENT 555 ENT 561 ENT 571 ENT 591,592	Insect Biological Control Insect Morphology and Physiology Systems Science for Ecologists Graduate Writing in Life Sciences Insect Ecology Insect Taxonomy and Systematics Insect Pest Management Aquatic Entomology Insect Microbiology Special Problems in Entomology
FST 510 FST 516 FST 521 FST 591,592	Applied Problems in Marine Fisheries Ecology Early Life History of Aquatic Resource Animals Evaluation of Fish Capture Systems Special Problems
GEL 515 GEL 530 GEL 531 GEL 550 GEL 554 GEL 565 GEL 568 GEL 577 GEL 580 GEL 581 GEL 583 GEL 590,591	Glacial Geology Igneous Petrology Metamorphic Petrology Sedimentary Processes and Environments Sedimentary Petrology Advanced Interpretation in Applied Geophysics Isotopes in Hydrogeology Coastal Geologic Hazards New England Geology Topics in Tectonic Geology Advanced Hydrogeology Special Problems
NRS 500 NRS 505 NRS 509 NRS 510 NRS 522 NRS 523 NRS 525 NRS 526 NRS 532 NRS 534	Graduate Seminar Biology and Management of Migratory Birds Concepts of GIS and Applications in Environmental Science Soil-Water Relations Advanced GIS Analysis of Environmental Data Water Pollution Microbiology Wetland Field Investigations Microbial Ecology of Soils and Sediments Conservation Biology Ecology of Fragmented Landscapes

NRS	555	Applied Coastal Ecology
NRS	567	Soil Genesis and Classification
NRS	568	Recent Advances in Natural Resources Science
NRS	582	Seminar in Soil Ecology and Biochemistry
NRS	591,592	Special Problems
PLS	501,502	Graduate Seminar in Plant Sciences
PLS	511	The Nature of Plant Disease
PLS	512	Plant Growth and Development
PLS	513	Laboratory Plant Tissue Culture
PLS	572	Plant Biochemistry
PLS	576	Environmental Plant Physiology
PLS	591,592	Nonthesis Research in Plant Sciences

6. New Program Course:

EVS 699 Doctoral Dissertation Research (I and II) To be taken by students in the Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences degree program. Number of credits is determined each semester in consultation with the major professor or program committee. (Independent Study) S/U credit.

7. Program Faculty: Initially, all tenure-track Graduate Faculty in the Departments of Fisheries, Animal, and Veterinary Science; Geology; Natural Resources Science; and Plant Sciences (including Entomology) would be eligible to supervise, or serve on the committees of, graduate students enrolled in the Ph.D. in Environmental Sciences degree program. Those faculty are listed below along with adjunct faculty, who also may serve on graduate student committees. In future years, other faculty from the College of Resource Development may be added to this list, provided that their training and research expertise are within the field of environmental science.

Steven R. Alm, Associate Professor, PLS Jose A. Amador, Assistant Professor, NRS Peter V. August, Professor and Chair, NRS Carl H. Beckman, Professor Emeritus, PLS David Berlinsky, Adjunct Assistant Professor, FAVS Joel Bodammer, Adjunct Associate Professor, FAVS Jon C. Boothroyd, Professor, GEL Terence M. Bradley, Associate Professor, FAVS James H. Brown, Professor Emeritus, NRS P.A. Buckley, Adjunct Professor, NRS J. Allen Cain, Professor, GEL Richard A. Casagrande, Professor, ENT (PLS) Joel M. Chandlee, Associate Professor, PLS Pei Wen Chang, Professor Emeritus, FAVS Jana E. Compton, Assistant Professor, NRS Joseph T. DeAlteris, Professor, FAVS Stephen L. Dellaporta, Adjunct Assistant Professor, PLS D. Thomas Duff, Associate Professor Emeritus, PLS Larry Englander, Associate Professor, PLS David E. Fastovsky, Professor, GEL Michael W. Fleming, Adjunct Associate Professor, FAVS Reinhard K. Frohlich, Associate Professor, GEL Alan D. Gettman, Adjunct Assistant Professor, ENT (PLS)

Howard S. Ginsberg, Adjunct Associate Professor, ENT (PLS) Arthur J. Gold, Professor, NRS Francis C. Golet, Professor, NRS Josef Gorres, Adjunct Assistant Professor, NRS O. Don Hermes, Professor and Chair, GEL Richard J. Hull, Professor, NRS Thomas P. Husband, Professor, NRS Noel Jackson, Professor, PLS William R. Krul, Associate Professor, PLS Roger A. LeBrun, Professor, ENT (PLS) Patrick A. Logan, AES Director and Professor, ENT (PLS) Anthony T. Mallilo, Associate Professor, FAVS Thomas N. Mather, Associate Professor, ENT (PLS) Brian K. Maynard, Assistant Professor, PLS Walter C. Mueller, Professor Emeritus, PLS Daniel P. Murray, Professor, GEL Murn M. Nippo, Professor, FAVS Peter W.C. Paton, Assistant Professor, NRS Jan Pechenik, Adjunct Associate Professor, FAVS Conrad C. Recksiek, Associate Professor, FAVS Richard C. Rhodes, Professor and Chair, FAVS Michael A. Rice, Associate Professor, FAVS Eric M. Roberts, Adjunct Assistant Professor, PLS Bridget A. Ruemmele, Associate Professor, PLS Richard J. Shaw, Associate Professor, PLS Mark H. Stolt, Assistant Professor, NRS W. Michael Sullivan, Associate Professor and Chair, PLS Raymond B. Taylorson, Adjunct Professor, PLS Anne I. Veeger, Associate Professor, GEL Ulysses G. Whitworth, Assistant Professor, FAVS Richard E. Wolke, Professor, FAVS

F. EVALUATION

The proposed program will be evaluated annually by the College of Resource Development's Graduate Programs Committee and by the University as a part of the annual program review. Key criteria at the College level will be total enrollment, number of graduates, and average program duration. If enrollments are low despite vigorous recruitment efforts, the viability of the program will be reviewed and changes will be made to remedy the problem.