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Rhode Island Current Conditions Index - April 2017

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CURRENT CONDITIONS INDEX

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As Rhode Island moved into the second quarter, it sustained the momentum that has been carrying it beyond the disappointing economic performance of 2016. The Current Conditions Index for each month of 2017 has now matched or exceeded the highest values we observed during all of last year. That is a very significant development. However, it appears that some persons have been misconstruing Rhode Island's recent performance.

It is imperative to keep in mind that the CCI is an index of <u>cyclical</u> <u>momentum</u>. What the improved performance this year does <u>not</u> indicate, contrary to some public perception, is that Rhode Island has returned to very high levels of activity, or even to the highest levels of overall economic activity for this entire recovery. As an index reflecting momentum, the 2017 performance illustrates that Rhode Island's economy is currently accelerating at a pace greater than the disappointing pace we witnessed last year. To make an analogy, our "car" slowed last year, and at present, the high CCI

CCI Indicators - % Change							
Government Employment	0.5 Y						
US Consumer Sentiment	8.9 Y						
Single-Unit Permits	-6.2						
Retail Sales	5.3 Y						
Employment Services Jobs	-3.2						
Priv. Serv-Prod Employment	0.5 Y						
Total Manufacturing Hours	3.3 Y						
Manufacturing Wage	3.7 Y						
Labor Force	0.6 Y						
Benefit Exhaustions	-8.3 Y						
New Claims	-15.4 Y						
Unemployment Rate (change)	-1.1 Y						
Y = Improved Value							

values reflect that we are now depressing the gas pedal more than we have in a while. This most recent acceleration is allowing us to attain a higher speed than what we had been able to attain last year. It does not, however, reflect our reaching the speed limit, even with our low (for the wrong reasons) **Unemployment Rate**. Sustained acceleration is required for that to occur.

Should anyone doubt that Rhode Island's economy slowed during 2016, they have to look no farther than the combination of our disappointing tax revenue and rising entitlement case loads, both of which are *lagging* economic indicators. Recent CCI values imply we might see some improvement in these later this year.

The Current Conditions Index performance so far this year continues to reflect a broadly based acceleration. While the CCI value of 83 for April was a slight drop from the March value of 92, it is still a strong value, as ten of the twelve CCI indicators improved. The CCI has now exceeded its year-earlier value for every month of this year.

Of the five leading indicators contained in the CCI, only three improved, in spite of relatively easy comps a year ago. Once

again, **Employment Service Jobs**, which includes temporary employment and is a leading indictor of future employment, failed to improve. Its downtrend has now continued for over a year. Its deterioration suggests the potential for weakening future employment growth. For the first time in four months, both goodsproducing indicators failed to improve. **Single-Unit Permits**, which reflects new home construction, fell this month (-6.2%), even with a fairly easy comp last year. In spite of this disappointment, it remains in an uptrend. **Total Manufacturing Hours**, a proxy for manufacturing output, the other goodsproducing indicator, rose by a robust 3.3 percent.

US Consumer Sentiment improved in April (+8.9%), its sixth consecutive increase. **New Claims**, the timeliest measure of layoffs, fell at a double-digit level in April (-15.4%) for its eighth improvement in the last nine months.

Government Employment increased again, remaining above 60,000, which it has now done for over a year. **Private Service-Producing Employment** growth has been somewhat volatile of late, and in April it barely grew (+0.5%), its slowest growth this year. **Retail Sales** did quite well in April, rising by over 5 percent again. **Benefit Exhaustions**, which reflects longer-term unemployment, fell yet again in April (-8.3%), sustaining its long-term downtrend.

The <u>train wreck</u> known as our Labor Force trend actually improved in April — that's two in a row!!! As a result, our **Unemployment Rate** once again fell for the right reasons.

LABOR FORCE: A	pr 2016	Apr 2017					
Participation Rate	64.5%	64.6%					
Employment Rate	61.0%	61.8%					
CCI Over the Past 13 Mont		DLT APR Employment (SA,Y/Y) nin 6,200					
40 - 30 - 20 -	Lo	ss 1,200					
10 - 0 2016M04 2016M06 2016M08 2016M10 2016M12 2017M02	2017M04 Net	Chg 5,000					
THE BOTTOM LINE							

The strength of this year's CCI values indicate that Rhode Island may be in the early stages of restoring the momentum it experienced a couple of years ago. The lingering aftereffects of the 2016 slowdown, notably disappointing tax revenue and rising case loads, pose a problem for fiscal choices moving forward. To sustain our momentum, we must emphasize investment-oriented spending.

05		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
	2016	50↓	58↓	581	33↓	50	42	58↓	50↓	75	50↓	58↓	75↓
	2017	75	83	92	83								

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