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Rhode Island Current Conditions Index – February 2005

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Current Conditions Index

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Also available online: <http://members.cox.net/lardaro/current.htm>

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Monthly Highlights

February saw a continuation of Rhode Island's slow but sustainable pace of economic activity. The Current Conditions Index rose from 50 in January to 58 in February, as seven indicators improved. Like January, there were several strong indicator performances. Unlike last month, weather-induced distortions of economic indicators were largely absent.

Government Employment rose for only the third time in the past thirteen months. So far, a short-lived uptrend in this indicator appears to be forming, in spite of budget tightening at all levels of government. Labor demand, in terms of adjusted **Help Wanted Advertising**, weakened a bit in February, rising by only 3.3 percent, about half its growth rate over the past two months. Job prospects also improved at a slower rate in February, as **Private Service-Producing Employment**

CCI Indicators - % Change	
Government Employment	0.2 Y
US Consumer Sentiment	-0.3
Single-Unit Permits	-3.0
Retail Sales	6.1 Y
Help Wanted Advertising	3.3 Y
Priv. Serv-Prod Employment	2.2 Y
Man-Hours Manufacturing	-4.6
Manufacturing Wage	0.5 Y
Labor Force	-0.0
Benefit Exhaustions	-12.5 Y
New Claims	0.1
Unemployment Rate	-18.5 Y

Y = Improved Value

increased by 2.2 percent. In spite of both improvements, layoffs still rose slightly, as **New Claims** increased by 0.1 percent. By way of contrast, **Benefit Exhaustions**, which reflects long-term unemployment, fell sharply in February, by 12.5 percent, offering hope that its medium-term downtrend is still in tact.

Two of the stronger indicators of late, **Retail Sales** and **US Consumer Sentiment**, diverged in February. **Retail Sales** rose by a very healthy 6.1 percent compared to last February, as both weather problems and heavy post-holiday discounting ended. **US Consumer Sentiment** fell slightly, by 0.3 percent compared with last February. But this is not really that negative a performance, as the annual growth rate in this indicator last February was 18.4 percent. So, the performances of both **Retail Sales** and **US Consumer Sentiment** are reflective of underlying strength and continued momentum.

Rhode Island's manufacturing sector turned in another mixed performance in February, as **Manufacturing Man-hours** fell by 4.6 percent compared to last February. While this was an improvement over the past two months, it was the third largest decline in over a year. **Manufacturing Wage** growth slowed again, from 0.8 percent in January to only 0.5 percent in February. This has kept Rhode Island's average hourly **Manufacturing Wage** barely above the \$13 mark on a seasonally adjusted basis. New home construction fell less sharply in February than it had in January, as **Single-Unit Permits** declined by 3 percent compared to last February. Part of the improvement was the result of improved weather effects versus one year ago.

On a year-over-year basis, Rhode Island's **Labor Force** was unchanged, a distinct improvement over what we have witnessed over the past several months. Better yet, compared to last month, our **Labor Force** grew by 3,200, which translated into a rise of 3,000 in resident employment and only 200 more unemployed. So, ironically, while February's **Unemployment Rate** was unchanged from January, our labor market displayed a great deal more strength, which makes the large yearly decline (from 5.4% to 4.4%) more meaningful.

Looking at that 2005 thus far, Rhode Island's economy continues to move forward, albeit at rates that remain somewhat disappointing. It is important for us to keep in mind that we are *not* witnessing across-the-board weakness. Instead, much of our strength continues to be offset by weaknesses in other sectors. Hopefully this highly frustrating situation will improve in the next few months.

Current Conditions Index

58

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
2004	67	67	58	67	58	58	67	67	67	58	50	67
2005	50	58										