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Rhode Island Current Conditions Index — February 2012

Leonard Lardaro University of Rhode Island, lardaro@uri.edu

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CURRENT CONDITIONS INDEX

LEONARD LARDARO, URI

Available Online: http://www.llardaro.com/current.htm (NEW URL)
Blog: http://rieconomy.blogspot.com

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As we move to February, it is no longer clear whether the Rhode Island is still in a recovery or whether it has moved into the earliest stages of a dreaded double-dip recession. Payroll employment has now declined for seven consecutive months on a year-over-year basis (note: there was a negligible rise for one of those months). For many, this alone would be a sufficient basis upon which to make the recession call. However, I am not yet ready to make that call. Please don't construe this as indicating that I believe things here are going well. Rhode Island's labor market is in abysmal shape — just about everything is moving in the wrong direction. Let me briefly outline why I don't think Rhode Island has entered into recession — yet.

The payroll employment declines, while persistent, are not all that large in magnitude. They have largely been around 0.2 percent. Second, **Retail Sales** continues to show a great deal of momentum, rising in February, for example, by 6.3 percent compared to a year ago. Part of this is no doubt related to the skilled Rhode Islanders we rent out to neighboring states who bring their income home with them. But Retail Sales momentum clearly does have "legs" at present. We are also seeing continued strength in manufacturing. Most importantly, a meaningful assessment of Rhode Island's overall economic performance must be based on a broadly based set of indicators, which is precisely what the Current Conditions Index does. Based on the information provided by the Current Conditions Index, most notably another

CCI Indicators - % Change									
Government Employment	-1.0								
US Consumer Sentiment	-3.3								
Single-Unit Permits	-3.1								
Retail Sales	6.3	Υ							
Employment Services Jobs	-8.8								
Priv. Serv-Prod Employment	-0.1								
Total Manufacturing Hours	5.1	Υ							
Manufacturing Wage	21.1	Υ							
Labor Force	-1.0								
Benefit Exhaustions	-9.5	Υ							
New Claims	-4.2	Υ							
Unemployment Rate (change)	-0.3	Υ							
Y = Improved Value									

neutral reading of 50 for February and failure to beat the yearearlier value, I believe it is reasonable to conclude that Rhode Island's economy remains dead in the water. As for this recovery, Rhode Island continues to hang on by its finger nails. Speaking of finger nails, forgive me if I keep my fingers crossed as I make this assessment. At any rate, I think (hope?) that this recovery has now reached the two year mark.

How, then, did the CCI indicators perform in February? Let's begin with the bright spots. Retail Sales improved for the sixth consecutive month (+6.3%), in spite of a 3.3 percent decline in US Consumer Sentiment, which kept its downtrend intact. Rhode Island's manufacturing sector once again showed significant strength, as Total Manufacturing Hours surged by 5.1 percent, based on greater employment and a longer-than-40 hour workweek. Based on such a long workweek (the fifth highest since 2000), the Manufacturing Wage jumped by 21.1 percent. Benefit Exhaustions, a measure of long-term unemployment, fell again, by 9.5 percent. At the other end of the jobless spectrum, New Claims, a leading labor market indicator that includes layoffs, registered a welcome decline of 4.2 percent, only its third improvement in the last eight months. Finally, the Unemployment Rate for February was lower than a year ago, but higher than in the prior month. The fact that the Labor Force fell once again largely negates whatever positive inferences might be made about the year-over-year decline in the jobless rate.

Single-Unit Permits, which tracks new home construction, the most volatile of the CCI indicators, fell slightly by 3.3 percent in February, in spite of very warm weather. Employment Service Jobs, a leading labor market indicator that includes "temps," fell an eleventh time (-8.8%), but it had a very difficult comp from last February. Private Service-Producing Employment declined for its fourth consecutive month, although by only 0.1 percent. Finally, Government Employment fell by 1.0 percent, ironically a moderating rate of decline.



THE BOTTOM LINE

Rhode Island's economy remains at a virtual standstill, which is unfortunate since this slowdown has coincided with an accelerating pace of national economic activity. At this point, I can no longer rule out the possibility that Rhode Island has entered into the earliest stages of a double-dip recession. I still believe that we are still in a recovery, but barely. So, our state's economy continues to move in the wrong direction and many of our cities and towns are on the brink of bankruptcy. Will our leaders ever realize that this is a crisis?

		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
150	2011	50 \	67	67↑	58	50	58	67↑	42	50	50	58 🔻	50
	2012	58	50										