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Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President is authorized and requested to issue a proclamation designating the month of May, 1985, as "National Child Safety Awareness Month," to be observed by Federal, State, and local government agencies, and the people of the United States to observe the month with appropriate programs, activities, and ceremonies for the better protection, security, and safety of all children.

By Mr. DIXON:
S.J. Res. 111. Joint resolution to designate the month of October 1985, as "National Spina Bifida Month."; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

NATIONAL SPINA BIFIDA MONTH

Mr. DIXON. Mr. President, again this year I am introducing a joint resolution to designate the month of October as "National Spina Bifida Month." The purpose of this joint resolution is to focus public attention on this birth defect. Spina bifida is the most common crippling of newborns, resulting when one or more bones in the vertebrae fail to close completely during prenatal development.

The cause of spina bifida is not known. However, it appears to be the result of multiple environmental and genetic factors. Studies have shown a high occurrence of spina bifida in urban areas and more births during certain months of the year.

Spina bifida occurs more frequently than muscular dystrophy, multiple sclerosis, polio, and cystic fibrosis combined. It occurs in one of every 1,000 births, often accompanied by hydrocephalus—a condition involving improper circulation and accumulation of fluid in the brain. Spina bifida results in varying degrees of paralysis, loss of function in the lower limbs, and in bowel and bladder complications.

Although most of the March of Dimes and Easter seal poster children have spina bifida, many people have not heard of the defect; many people have not heard of spina bifida; and an increase in the national awareness of the problem of spina bifida may stimulate the interest and concern of the American people, which may lead, in turn, to increased research and eventually to the discovery of a cure for spina bifida.

Now, therefore, be it
Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the month of October 1985 is designated "National Spina Bifida Month" and the President is authorized and requested to call a White House Conference on Library and Information Services to be held not later than 1989, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.

WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE ON LIBRARY AND INFORMATION SERVICES

By Mr. PELL:
S.J. Res. 112. Joint resolution to authorize and request the President to call a White House Conference on Library and Information Services to be held not later than 1989, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.

I am confident that the activities surrounding October 1985, "National Spina Bifida Month" will heighten public awareness of this crippling birth defect. As I have previously stated, I am confident that the activities will generate public awareness of the much improved treatment available to infants born with spina bifida.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the joint resolution be printed in the Record and I urge its prompt approval.

There being no objection, the joint resolution was ordered to be printed in the Record, as follows:

S.J. Res. 111

Whereas spina bifida is a birth defect in the spinal column which occurs in one of every one thousand births in the United States;
Whereas spina bifida is the most common crippling of newborns, resulting when one or more bones in the back (vertebrae) fail to close completely during prenatal development;
Whereas while the cause of spina bifida is not known, it appears to be the result of multiple environmental and genetic factors;
Whereas although many of the March of Dimes and Easter Seal poster children have spina bifida, many people have not heard of the defect;
Whereas only a few cities in the United States have proper care centers and specialized professionals that can provide the most effective treatment for children and adults with spina bifida; and
Whereas an increase in the national awareness of the problem of spina bifida may stimulate the interest and concern of the American people, which may lead, in turn, to increased research and eventually to the discovery of a cure for spina bifida:

NOW, THEREFORE, Be it
Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the month of October 1985 is designated "National Spina Bifida Month" and the President is authorized and requested to call a White House Conference on Library and Information Services to be held not later than 1989, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Labor and Human Resources.

I would eagerly invite those of you who share my interest and concern, that all our citizens have access to modern libraries and information services to join me in supporting this legislation calling for a second White House Conference on Library and Information Services in 1989.

By Mr. CHILES:
S.J. Res. 113. Joint resolution commemorating the 24th anniversary of the Bay of Pigs invasion to liberate Cuba from Communist tyranny; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

BAY OF PIGS INVASION COMMEMORATION

By Mr. CHILES. Mr. President, I introduce this resolution in commemoration of the 24th anniversary of the Bay of Pigs attempted liberation of Cuba.

On this day, we honor and pay tribute to the men of the 2506th Brigade. These brave men who fought and died on that day never questioned the ultimate goal of Cuban freedom. They faced long before the rest of the country, in terms of trying to keep pace with rising book and periodical subscription costs. And when the rest of us worried over gasoline shortages, they too felt the pinch when the prices soared for petrochemical-based products, such as films, micro-
At the request of Mr. Cranston, the names of the Senator from Maryland (Mr. Sarbanes), and the Senator from Arizona (Mr. DeConcini) were added as cosponsors of S. 6, a bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to make certain changes in Veterans' Administration health-care programs, and for other purposes.

At the request of Mr. Cranston, the names of the Senator from Florida (Mr. Grassley), and the Senator from Mississippi (Mr. Cochran) were added as cosponsors of S. 58, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to increase research activities, to provide improved scientific and technical training, and to encourage the contribution of scientific equipment to institutions of higher education.

At the request of Mr. Inouye, the names of the Senator from Montana (Mr. McKenzie), the Senator from Tennessee (Mr. Sasser), the Senator from North Dakota (Mr. Bundecke), the Senator from Nevada (Mr. Hescar), the Senator from Minnesota (Mr. Duren sasse), the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. East), the Senator from Maine (Mr. Cohen), the Senator from South Dakota (Mr. Ambero), the Senator from Florida (Mr. Cristia), and the Senator from Texas (Mr. Bentsen) were added as cosponsors of S. 84, a bill to incorporate the Pearl Harbor Survivors Association.

At the request of Mr. Pryor, the name of the Senator from Indiana (Mr. Lugar), was added as a cosponsor of S. 281, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to add a section dealing with public safety vehicles.

At the request of Mr. Goldwater, the name of the Senator from Maryland (Mr. Mathias), was added as a cosponsor of S. 412, a bill to clarify the circumstances under which territorial governments, the United States, and certain licensed enterprises and sellers of trademarked malt beverage products are lawful under the antitrust laws.

At the request of Mr. D'Amato, the name of the Senator from Illinois (Mr. Dixon) was added as a cosponsor of S. 434, a bill to extend the authorization of the Robert A. Taft Institute Assistance Act.

At the request of Mr. Chafee, the name of the Senator from North Dakota (Mr. Andrews) was added as a cosponsor of S. 631, a bill to amend the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

At the request of Mr. Chafee, the name of the Senator from North Dakota (Mr. Andrews) was added as a cosponsor of S. 632, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to require a mandatory section 338 election in hostile stock takeovers, and for other purposes.

At the request of Mr. Chafee, the name of the Senator from North Dakota (Mr. Andrews) was added as a cosponsor of S. 632, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to require a mandatory section 338 election in hostile stock takeovers, and for other purposes.

At the request of Mr. Thurmond, the name of the Senator from North Dakota (Mr. Andrews) was added as a cosponsor of S. 637, a bill to establish the Veterans' Administration as an executive department.

At the request of Mr. Bentsen, the name of the Senator from California (Mr. Chasworth) was added as a cosponsor of S. 628, a bill to authorize appropriations to carry out the Endangered Species Act of 1973 during fiscal years 1986, 1987, 1988, 1989, and 1990.

At the request of Mr. Chafee, the name of the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. Hetrick) was added as a cosponsor of S. 728, a bill to prohibit the entry of Japanese telecommunications products until Japanese markets are open to U.S. telecommunications products.

At the request of Mr. McGovern, the name of the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. Kasten) was added as a cosponsor of S. 744, a bill to amend the Agriculture and Food Act of 1981 to provide protection for agricultural purchasers of farm products.

At the request of Mr. Chiles, the name of the Senator from Ohio (Mr. Glenn) was added as a cosponsor of S. 746, a bill to require the National Drug Enforcement Reauthorization Board to provide a comprehensive assessment of the designer drug problem and make recommendations to Congress for necessary legislation.

At the request of Mr. Chiles, the name of the Senator from Kentucky (Mr. Ford) was added as a cosponsor of S. 786, a bill entitled the "International Narcotics Control Act of 1985."

At the request of Mr. Pressler, the names of the Senator from Alaska (Mr. Begich) and the Senator from New Jersey (Mr. Bradley) were added as cosponsors of S. 788, a bill to authorize the President of the United States to award a Congressional Gold Medal to Jan C. Scruggs in recognition of his work on behalf of Vietnam veterans, and to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to sell bronze duplicates of such medal.

At the request of Mr. Pressler, the name of the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. Bingaman) was added as a cosponsor of S. 825, a bill to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to provide for a program for the waiver of the visa requirement in the case of nonimmigrant tourists from certain countries.

At the request of Mr. Heinz, the name of the Senator from Florida (Mr. Hawkins) was added as a co-