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Certainly this is a small way, but perhaps an important one, in which we can tell the families of our service men and women that we will not allow our tax laws to add to the loss they already feel.

I commend Senator ROBERT DOLE, Finance Committee chairman, for swiftly shepherding this bill through the committee and the Senate. I also commend Representative BILL ARCHER for developing this legislation, and getting the bill adopted by the House of Representatives.

The bill was ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the bill was passed.

Mr. LONG. I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

JOHN G. FARY TOWER

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar Order No. 741, H.R. 4202.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be stated by title.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 4202) to designate the air traffic control tower at Midway Airport, Chicago, as the "John G. Fary Tower".

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the bill was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the bill was passed, and I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

EDUCATION DAY, USA

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 742, House Joint Resolution 520.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be stated by title.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A joint resolution (H.J. Res. 520) designating April 13, 1984, as "Education Day, U.S.A."

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the joint resolution?

There being no objection, the joint resolution was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

The preamble was agreed to.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the joint resolution was passed, and I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND HUMANITIES ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1983

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of H.R. 2751.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be stated by title.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 2751) to amend the National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities Act of 1965 and for other purposes.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

AMENDMENT NO. 2901

(Purpose: To authorize the Secretary of the Interior to enter into an agreement relating to Indian art at the College of Santa Fe, and other related matters)

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I send an amendment to the desk on behalf of the distinguished Senator from New Mexico (Mr. DOMENICI).

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The amendment will be stated.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

The Senator from Tennessee (Mr. BAKER), on behalf of Mr. DOMENICI, proposes an amendment numbered 2901.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that reading of the amendment be dispensed with.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The amendment is as follows:

On page 8, beginning with line 25, strike out all through line 14 on page 9 and insert in lieu thereof the following:

SEC. 14. (a) (1) To the extent of the availability of funds for such purpose, the Secretary of the Interior shall:

(A) enter into a thirty-year agreement with the College of Santa Fe, Santa Fe, New Mexico, to provide educational facilities for the use of, and to develop cooperative educational/arts programs to be carried out with the postsecondary fine arts and museum services programs of the Institute of American Indian Arts administered by the Bureau of Indian Affairs; and

(B) conduct such activities as are necessary to improve the facilities used by the Institute of American Indian Arts at the College of Santa Fe.

(2) The provisions of this subsection shall take effect on October 1, 1984.

(b) (1) The Secretary of the Interior, acting through the Bureau of Indian Affairs, is directed to conduct a study for the purpose of determining the need, if any, for a museum facility to be established for the benefit of the Institute of American Indian Arts, the feasibility of establishing such museum, and the need for desirability, if any, to establish any such museum in close proximity to the facilities currently being used by such Institute at the College of Santa Fe.

(2) On or before February 1, 1985, the Secretary of the Interior shall report the results of such study, together with his recommendations, to the Congress.

(3) Should the study recommend establishment of a museum, and should the College of Santa Fe be selected as the best site,

any agreement entered into by the Secretary of the Interior for construction of such museum shall contain assurances, satisfactory to the Secretary, that appropriate lands at the College of Santa Fe will be available at no cost to the Federal Government for the establishment of a museum facility.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment.

The amendment (No. 2901) was agreed to.

Mr. STAFFORD. Mr. President, the Senate is considering today H.R. 2751, the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act Amendments of 1983. This legislation addresses these issues. The first is the need to bring the authorization ceilings for the arts and humanities endowments in line with the actual funding levels set by the Appropriations Committees in the last 2 years. The second issue is to formally transfer authority for the Institute of Museum Services from the Department of Education to the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities, another action already taken by the Appropriations committees. The third is the creation of a national medal of arts, to be given by the President upon the recommendation of the National Council on the Arts. Awards are to be made to those who have specifically contributed to excellence in the arts.

Mr. President, this important bill will go along way in clarifying inconsistencies between authorizing statute, and legislative mandates made by the Congress through the appropriations process. It is not in any way meant to replace the formal reauthorization process for the arts and humanities endowments which the Congress will begin next year. As chairman of the Senate Education, Arts and Humanities Subcommittee, I look forward to working at that time with my ranking member, Senator CLARENCE PELL, and interested Members of the Senate, as we oversee activities of the endowments for the last 5 years. However, the issues I outlined earlier did need to be addressed before the reauthorization will take place, and so we are considering this bill today, largely because of the hard work of Congressmen SIMON and COLEMAN who are, respectfully, the chairman and ranking member of the House Postsecondary Subcommittee.

Mr. COLEMAN offered the amendment to establish a national medal of arts, and in his statement to the House outlines the purpose of this program. I would like to add to his remarks by stating that this legislation is not intended in any way to impinge on the already established and widely acclaimed Kennedy Center honors program. Given by our National Cultural Center on behalf of all our citizens, the honors have, with the participation of the President, recognized the career contributions of our coun-

Mr. President, I will proceed through those if the Senator does not mind, and I assure him that no other action will be taken, except the request to recess until Monday.

Mr. BYRD. Mr. President, there is no objection to any of the items the majority leader has enumerated, with the one exception I have already stated, that being on the Executive Calendar.

Mr. BAKER. I thank the minority leader.

INCOME TAXES OF CERTAIN MILITARY AND CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES OF THE UNITED STATES DYING AS A RESULT OF INJURIES SUSTAINED OVERSEAS

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, in view of the clearances just acknowledged by the minority leader, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 705, H.R. 4206.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be stated by title.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 4206) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to exempt from Federal income taxes certain military and civilian employees of the United States dying as a result of injuries sustained overseas.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. DOLE. Mr. President, today I urge passage of H.R. 4206, which would provide special income tax rules for certain individuals who die in active service as a member of the Armed Forces of the United States or as a civilian employee of the Government of the United States. This has been discussed with the senior Senator from Alaska (Mr. STEVENS) and I thank him for his cooperation in this matter.

THE SACRIFICES OF OUR GOVERNMENT SERVANTS

Recent events in Lebanon and Grenada have illustrated the sacrifices that military and civilian employees of the U.S. Government must be prepared to make when they serve abroad. This is particularly true when these individuals provide our country with the ultimate sacrifice—their lives.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BILL

H.R. 4206 provides one small way in which we can compensate the families of these individuals. Generally, the bill provides income tax relief for these families in particular circumstances. Relief would be provided for the family of an individual who dies while in active service as a member of the Armed Forces of the United States or while in the civilian employment of the United States and if the death occurs as a result of wounds or injuries incurred outside the United States in response to a terrorist or military action. In such a case, no Federal

income tax will apply for income earned either in the year of death or for an earlier period beginning with the last year ending before the year in which wounds or injuries were incurred. The bill will apply to men and women who meet the requirements stated therein and who die, or have died, after December 31, 1979.

CIRCUMSTANCES IN WHICH THE BILL WILL APPLY

There are several circumstances in which this bill is intended to apply. It is to apply to military or civilian employees who die, or who have died, as a result of the bombing of the U.S. Embassy or of the U.S. Marine headquarters in Beirut, Lebanon. Similarly, the bill will apply with respect to U.S. personnel participating in a U.N. peacekeeping force when killed in Lebanon by land mines or snipers in 1982 or 1983, or thereafter. The bill also applies with respect to the U.S. service personnel who died as a result of the Government's attempt to rescue the American hostages in Iran, since that rescue attempt constituted a military action involving U.S. Armed Forces within the meaning of the bill. The bill also is to apply to U.S. service personnel who died, or who have died, in a military action in Grenada.

Because of the need to accommodate the families of these individuals who may be filing tax returns shortly, the Senate Finance Committee expedited the consideration and reporting of this bill. I urge my colleagues in the Senate also to support the bill and its quick passage.

Mr. PRYOR. Mr. President, the legislation we are considering here today is fair, reasonable, humane, and overdue.

H.R. 4206 would simply exempt from taxation the income earned by U.S. military or civilian employees who lose their lives as the result of hostilities while serving overseas.

The exemption would apply to income earned during the year of death and the previous year.

Senator ARMSTRONG deserves a great deal of credit for introducing a similar Senate bill, S. 2083, which I was proud to cosponsor.

Mr. President, there is already an exemption in the Tax Code which applies to those who die as a result of injury suffered in an area designated as a "combat zone." But that "combat zone" designation has not been officially applied to situations like the tragic bombing of Marine quarters in Beirut, our activities in Grenada, the death of the U.S. administrator of the Sinai peacekeeping forces or several other incidents that resulted in the deaths of U.S. personnel. This bill would extend coverage to any U.S. soldier or civilian Government employee who meets death by terrorist or military action while overseas.

This legislation is retroactive to apply to circumstances from 1979 forward. Families would have a year to file to recover taxes already paid.

As representatives of the most powerful Nation in the world, U.S. personnel are especially tempting targets for swaggering terrorists and irrational fanatics, and as the rate of terrorism increases so, unfortunately, does the need for this legislation.

Nothing we do in the Congress could ever make up for the pain and sacrifice of these U.S. citizens and their families. All of us who witnessed the line of flag-draped coffins at Dover Air Force Base shared the pain of the Beirut bombing, but the families of those victims—and the victims of Grenada and Iran—are still living with that pain every day. This bill is intended to make their sacrifice a little easier to bear.

Besides providing these families with some extra money in their months of adjustment, H.R. 4206 would remove the added burden of the sometimes complex paperwork involved in filing a return. Above all, it seems only fair to make this gesture to those who gave their lives in service to our country.

We need to act quickly on this matter since the Federal income tax filing deadline is only 10 days away. The administration strongly supports this effort, and I hope we will approve this bill unanimously today.

Mr. ARMSTRONG. Mr. President, in the aftermath of the massacre of U.S. Marines in Lebanon and those soldiers who have lost their lives in Grenada, we are all painfully aware of how little we as a nation can do to relieve the anguish of the families who have lost their loved ones in hostile action overseas. There is, however, one small way in which we can perhaps relieve at least a part of the economic hardship to those families which can result from their loss.

Section 692 of the IRS Code provides for an exemption from Federal income taxes of any income earned by a deceased member of the armed services during the years he or she served overseas. However, this section is applicable only when the death was a result of "wounds, disease or injury" while serving in a "combat zone" which had already been defined as a combat zone by an executive order of the President.

No such combat zone has been so designated since the Vietnam war.

Today the Senate will consider, and ultimately pass, legislation I have introduced to extend this tax exemption to all members of the armed services who die as a result of hostile action overseas. This bill makes the change retroactively so that it will apply to all service men or women killed overseas in the tax years beginning after December 31, 1979. It will also apply to all cases in the future where American soldiers die as a result of hostile action—thereby eliminating the need for a President to designate a specific area as a combat zone for the purpose of applying this section of the Tax Code.

try's leading performing artists since 1978.

While the Kennedy Center honors recognize performing artists, the proposed medal of arts will recognize all those who contribute to excellence in the arts, including philanthropic patrons and institutions in the private sector. It is my understanding Mr. Hodson, Chairman of the Arts Endowment will be coordinating implementation of this program with the Kennedy Center board of trustees in order to avoid any potential conflict that might diminish either of these worthy programs.

In closing, I want to also acknowledge Frank Hodson's contributions on this bill. He has worked hard to see it be made a reality and deserves a great deal of credit for his interest in the establishment of the national medal of arts program. Mr. President, I commend H.R. 2751 to my colleagues and ask for its immediate consideration.

Mr. PELL. Mr. President, I express my support for H.R. 2751, known as the National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities Act Amendments of 1983. As the original sponsor of the legislation that established the twin endowments in 1965, I have had a long and happy relationship with these agencies for almost 20 years and have particularly enjoyed working with my colleague Senator STAFFORD who now chairs the Subcommittee on Education, Arts and Humanities.

H.R. 2751 makes a number of technical changes in the Museum Services Act of 1978 and the National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities Act of 1965. Though the Institute of Museum Services was transferred to its current independent status alongside the Arts and Humanities Endowments by action of the Appropriations Committees in 1982 and 1983, the authorizing legislation was not updated until now. The Institute now occupies an appropriate position as the third jewel in the crown of Federal arts support programs. It is especially gratifying to me to note that the Institute has a budget of \$20.1 million for this fiscal year which is almost double the amount it had the previous year. Our Nation's museums will be able to use these funds to continue serving their audience as effectively as possible. I am also pleased that the Institute is initiating a program of grants for museum conservation projects. This important new direction is being taken thanks to the superlative efforts of Congressman SIM YATES who has done as much as anyone in advancing Federal support for culture in our country.

The legislation also contains a technical amendment that will raise the authorized ceilings for fiscal year 1984 so that these figures more closely conform to the amounts that were actually appropriated earlier this year.

Perhaps the most important section of this legislation establishes a national medal of arts that will be awarded

from time to time by the President to artists or patrons who have contributed in exemplary ways to the arts in the United States. This medal is in no way meant to detract from the current Kennedy Center honors which are presented to performing artists in an annual ceremony at the Kennedy Center. The National Council on the Arts will make recommendations to the President as to recipients for the national medal of arts and it is expected that corporate entities as well as individuals will be considered for this new award.

It is a pleasure for me to join with my colleague from Vermont (Senator STAFFORD) in urging the adoption of this bill.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill is open to further amendment. If there be no further amendment to be proposed, the question is on the engrossment of the amendment and the third reading of the bill.

The amendment was ordered to be engrossed and the bill to be read a third time.

The bill was read the third time, and passed.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the bill was passed.

Mr. LONG. I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

BUDGET ACT WAIVER

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, it is the intention of the leadership on this side to proceed next to the consideration of H.R. 4835. But before doing so, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of Calendar No. 734, Senate Resolution 356, the budget waiver to accompany that measure.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The resolution will be stated by title. The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 356) waiving section 402(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 with respect to the consideration of H.R. 4835.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the resolution?

There being no objection, the resolution was considered and agreed to, as follows:

Resolved, That pursuant to section 402(c) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the provisions of section 402(a) of such Act are waived with respect to the consideration of H.R. 4835, a bill to authorize appropriations for the funding for the Clement J. Zablocki Memorial Outpatient Facility at the American Children's Hospital in Krakow, Poland. Such a waiver is necessary to allow the authorization of \$10,000,000 in additional budget authority for fiscal year 1984 for equipping and furnishing the outpatient facility, for improving medical equipment at the American Children's Hospital in Krakow, Poland, and for providing medical supplies to Poland through private and voluntary agencies.

Compliance with section 402(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 was not possible by the May 15, 1983, deadline, because of the death of the honoree after May 15, 1983.

The desired authorization will not delay the appropriations process and will need to be accommodated in a supplemental appropriation.

CLEMENT J. ZABLOCKI MEMORIAL OUTPATIENT FACILITY

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to the consideration of H.R. 4835, which is the subject of the budget waiver.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The bill will be stated by title.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 4835) to authorize funding for the Clement J. Zablocki Memorial Outpatient Facility at the American Children's Hospital in Krakow, Poland.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection to the present consideration of the bill?

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the bill.

Mr. PERCY. Mr. President, there could be no more fitting memorial for the late Clem Zablocki than this children's outpatient medical facility in Poland. In 1964 Congressman Zablocki was instrumental in the founding of the American Children's Hospital in Krakow in southern Poland. That hospital has since become an outstanding symbol of the friendship of the American and Polish peoples. It is widely considered the best hospital in Poland. Last year it treated 5,000 inpatients, and its outpatient programs reached many more—some 50,000 children. The hospital's outpatient facilities have long been overtaxed. The Clement J. Zablocki Memorial Outpatient Facility will fill a real need.

Construction of the outpatient facility will be financed by Polish currencies held by the United States in Poland. This memorial bill also authorizes \$10 million, of which \$3 million will be used to furnish and equip the outpatient facility. Much of that equipment will be American, benefiting American workers and industries. The same will be true of another \$3 million used to improve the medical equipment throughout the rest of the Krakow American Children's Hospital.

Finally, \$4 million is authorized to provide American drugs and medical supplies throughout Poland through private and voluntary organizations.

Mr. President, this is a memorial Clem Zablocki would have loved. It is an outstanding example of the U.S. policy of providing humanitarian aid to the Polish people through small, specific projects.

I am proud to be associated with this legislation.

The bill was considered, ordered to a third reading, read the third time, and passed.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the bill was passed.

Mr. LONG. Mr. President, I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

DEFENSE PRODUCTION ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1984—CON- FERENCE REPORT

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I submit a report of the committee of conference on S. 1852 and ask for its immediate consideration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The report will be stated.

The assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

The committee of conference on the disagreeing votes of the two Houses on the amendment of the Senate to the bill (S. 1852) to extend the expiration date of the Defense Production Act of 1950, having met, after full and free conference, have agreed to recommend and do recommend to their respective Houses this report, signed by a majority of the conferees.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, the Senate will proceed to the consideration of the conference report.

(The conference report will be printed in the House proceedings of the Record.)

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the conference report.

The conference report was agreed to. Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the conference report was agreed to.

Mr. LONG. Mr. President, I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

ORDER TO PLACE SENATE CON- CURRENT RESOLUTION 102 ON CALENDAR

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the distinguished Senator from Wyoming, the chairman of the Veterans' Committee, may submit a concurrent resolution that it be placed on the calendar by unanimous consent.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

CORRECTION IN ENROLLMENT OF H.R. 4169

Mr. SIMPSON. Mr. President, I introduce on behalf of myself and the Senator from California (Mr. CRANSTON) a concurrent resolution to make a technical correction in the enrollment of H.R. 4169 with the understanding from the leadership that this resolution will be taken up as the first item of business on Monday and I ask unanimous consent that the text of the resolution be printed in the Record.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, reserving the right to object, and I will not

object. I simply wish to qualify the first item of business after we resume the consideration of the pending business, which will be the Finance Committee amendment, which is anticipated will be offered by the Senator from Kansas and the Senator from Louisiana. But it is the intention of the leadership to take this up as the first item of business in the routine business in morning business, and I wish to say that just for the clarification of the Record.

Mr. SIMPSON. Mr. President, I thank the majority leader for his cooperation and assistance. It is very appreciated.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I thank the Senator from Wyoming who brought the matter to our attention, and we are grateful to him for his prompt action in this respect.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolution is as follows:

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That in the enrollment of H.R. 4169, the Clerk of the House of Representatives is directed to "strike title IV."

ORDERS DURING THE RECESS OF THE SENATE

PERMISSION TO RECEIVE AND REFER

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, next I ask unanimous consent during the recess of the Senate over until Monday, April 9, 1984, the Secretary of the Senate be authorized to receive messages from the President of the United States and the House of Representatives and that they be appropriately referred and that the Vice President and the President pro tempore be authorized to sign duly enrolled bills and joint resolutions.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

AUTHORIZATION FOR COMMITTEES TO FILE REPORTS

Mr. BAKER. I also ask unanimous consent that committees be authorized to file reports on tomorrow Friday, April 6, 1984, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 5 p.m. notwithstanding that the Senate will not be in session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ORDER FOR DISCHARGE FROM COMMITTEE OF HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION 407

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on the Judiciary be discharged from further consideration of House Joint Resolution 407, a joint resolution designating the week beginning April 4, 1984, as "National Hearing Impaired Awareness Week," and that the matter be placed on the calendar.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, that completes the legislative business that has been cleared for action by unani-

mous consent and pursuant to the clearance given by the minority leader prior to his departure from the Chamber on necessary business.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I now ask unanimous consent that the Senate go into executive session for the purpose of considering one nomination, that is Calendar Order No. 538, the nomination of Donald D. Engen, of Virginia, to be Administrator of the FAA.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The nomination will be stated.

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

The assistant legislative clerk read the nomination of Donald D. Engen, of Virginia, to be Administrator of the Federal Aviation Administration.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, the nomination is considered and confirmed.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I move to reconsider the vote by which the nomination was confirmed.

Mr. LONG. Mr. President, I move to lay that motion on the table.

The motion to lay on the table was agreed to.

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I now ask unanimous consent that the President be immediately notified of the confirmation of this nomination.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now return to legislative session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

THE PROPOSED AMENDMENT BY THE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE

Mr. BAKER. Mr. President, as I indicated earlier in a colloquy with the distinguished Senator from Wyoming and in my brief statement prior to the adoption of the reconciliation bill today, it is the intention of the leadership on this side, as the first action to be taken on Monday after we resume consideration of the pending business—that is, the Boat Safety Act—to anticipate that the chairman and ranking member of the Finance Committee will offer the Finance Committee bill reported by them as an amendment to this measure.

Mr. President, that is an extensive undertaking by the Finance Committee, running through several hundred pages. And since Members should have access to that document at the time we begin debate on that measure, I wonder if the distinguished managers