University of Rhode Island

DigitalCommons@URI

State Humanities Committees (1979-1982)

Education: National Endowment for the Arts and Humanities, Subject Files II (1962-1996)

April 2017

State Humanities Committees (1979-1982): Note 01

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.uri.edu/pell_neh_II_68

Recommended Citation

"State Humanities Committees (1979-1982): Note 01" (2017). *State Humanities Committees (1979-1982)*. Paper 32.

https://digitalcommons.uri.edu/pell_neh_II_68/32

This Note is brought to you by the University of Rhode Island. It has been accepted for inclusion in State Humanities Committees (1979-1982) by an authorized administrator of DigitalCommons@URI. For more information, please contact digitalcommons-group@uri.edu. For permission to reuse copyrighted content, contact the author directly.

NOTES FOR SEN. STAFFORD on the Markup of The Reauthorization of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities

- -The cost of administering the volunteer state humanities committee has been very <u>low</u>. State Arts Agencies spend, on a national average, \$.50 of every NEA dollar to administer their agencies. The state humanities councils spend between \$.15 and \$.25 per NEH dollar for administration, with the average around 20-22%.
- In spite of this low overhead, the humanities councils emphasize their relationship to the public and provide more comprehensive and prompt response to public inquiries and requests for project support.
- --Providing funds to a state that "designates" or "creates" (as would be mandated by \$1386) an agency to be the recipient of NEH funds does nothing to assure that these funds will institutionalize the long-term presence of public humanities activities in a state.
- --State government funding is <u>not</u> going to be forthcoming in the majority of states, either to volunteer committees or to state agencies.
- --There is now a very real prospect that the volunteer state humanities committees will win significant private-sector (corporate, foundation) support in the next 1 to 5 years. Indications are that this private support could provide amounts equal to 25% to 50% or more of the NEH state program funds within the next five years. Most will be business and corporate contributions. If the state governments instead of volunteer nonprofit committees run this program, prospects for corporate support will be utterly destroyed.
- -One more 5-year period of authorization ((as would be mandated by S1404) will provide an adequate test of the state committees capabilities and staying power, and will reveal the success or failure of their recently begun efforts to generate significant private-sector funding of their activities.